

SINDH IRRIGATION & DRAINAGE AUTHORITY (SIDA)
Sindh Water Sector Improvement Project (AF)

TRAINING REPORT

**47th One Day Training of FOs LBCAWB
Sheikhani Minor, Pandhi Wah & Bulri Minor**

HELD ON NOVEMBER 15th , 2018



Organized By:
Social Development Cell, Transition Wing SIDA
Sindh Water Sector Improvement Project (AF)

Introduction:

The province of Sindh has embarked on a major reforms and established Sindh Irrigation and Drainage Authority (SIDA) in 1997 for improvement of water management in Sindh through Participatory Irrigation Management (PIM) since the establishment of SIDA, it established three Area Water Boards (AWB), Nara Canal Area Water Board (NCAWB), Ghotki Feeder Canal Area Water Board (GFCAWB) and Left Bank Canal Area Water Board (LBCAWB) which are functional and working independently.

In this connection the World Bank started Sindh Water Sector Improvement Project (WSIP) to address the issues of irrigation and agricultural in Sindh province. This project also covers the component of Community Development and Capacity Building, so the trainings are essential activity to develop the capacity of FOs so that they can perform effectively.

The overarching project objective is to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of irrigation water distribution in three AWBs (Ghotki, Nara and Left Bank), particularly with respect to measures of reliability, equity and user satisfaction. This would be achieved by: (a) deepening and broadening the institutional reforms that are already underway in Sindh; (b) improving the irrigation system in a systematic way covering key hydraulic infrastructure, main and branch canals, and distributaries and minors; and (c) enhancing long-term sustainability of irrigation system through participatory irrigation management and developing institutions for improving operation and maintenance of the system and cost recovery. The improved water management would lead to increased agricultural production, employment and incomes over about 1.8 million ha (about 30% of the irrigated area in Sindh), which is one of the poorest regions of the country.

Social Development Cell Transition Wing SIDA organized one-day Training for Board of Management members of FO Sheikhani Minor, FO Pandhi Wah and FO Bulri Distry at WSIP office Tando Muhammad Khan November 15th, 2018. Board of management members and some active WCA chairmen participated in training.

Venue: WSIP office Tando Muhammad Khan

Resource Person / Facilitator:

- Mr. Muhammed Ghous Laghari, Institutional Specialist , SIDA
- Mr. Mansoor Umer Khanzada, AXEN, SIDA
- Mr. Atif Kandhar AXEN, SIDA
- Mr. Taj Mohd Chang AXEN, SIDA
- Mr. Ayaz Ali Khawaja Assistant Manager, SM NCAWB
- Ms. Zaib Jatoi Assistant Manager, SM NCAWB

Total Number of Participants: 35

FO Representatives	25
SIDA Representatives	04
AWB Representatives	02
Other	04

Topics Covered:

Session-1:	Expectation of participants/ Training objectives / out put
Session-2:	Introduction to Institutional reforms
Session-3:	SWMO 2002 & IDMTA
Session-4:	Strengthening of FO's on Organizational Management
Session-5:	Financial Organizational, Abiana Assessment & Collection
Session-6:	Channel Operation & Maintenance

Proceeding

Recitation of Holy Quran & Introduction of participants

The training started with the Recitation of verses from Holy Quran

After that all participants introduced themselves with designation and name of FO.

Expectations of participants from training

By: Mr.Mansoor Umer Khanzada AEN Badin

Mr. Mansoor umer khanzada conducted this session and facilitated the participants to express their expectation from this training. Participants said that they are newly elected representatives of FOs so they want to know that how they properly perform their responsibilities. Some participants said that we want to learn best methods of channel operation and maintenance. Some participants said that how we can make our farmer organizations more strengthen. How equitable water distribution can be ensured from head to tail.

Introduction of Institutional Reforms and SWMO-2002

By: Ghous Leghari Institutional Specialist SIDA

Mr. Ghous Leghari informed the participants about irrigation system and institutional reforms in irrigation system. He said that the irrigation system of Pakistan is the largest integrated irrigation network in the world. The system gets irrigation water mainly from Indus River and its tributaries. The salient features of the system are three major storage reservoirs (Dams) namely Tarbella & Chashma on river Indus and Mangla on river Jhelum, with the present total live storage of about 12.5 MAF, 19 Barrages, 12 inter river link canals and 43 independent irrigation canal commands. Diversion of River waters into off taking canals is made through barrages, which are gated diversion weirs and a system of link canals. The main canals, in turn deliver water to branch canals, distributaries and minors. Their watercourses get their due share of water through outlets in the irrigation channels.

Sindh province has a vast irrigation & drainage network and it is one of the primary beneficiaries of Indus basin irrigation system with three gigantic Barrages that divert about 48 MAF of water annually to the 14 main canal commands in the province. These canal system have an aggregate length of 13325 miles and serve a gross command area of about 14.4 million acres. There are also about 42000 watercourses.

The Sindh Irrigation and Drainage Authority (SIDA) is an autonomous organization, taken over the system of Nara Canal, LeftBank Canal (Fulleli & Akram Wah) and Ghotki from irrigation department and now being operated through Area Water Boards under SIDA. The Sindh Irrigation and Drainage Authority (SIDA) have been established in 1997 through SIDA Act 1997.

As per institutional reforms in irrigation system the channels upto distributary / minor level have been transferred to the farmer organizations (FOs) through irrigation & drainage management transfer agreement (IDMT) under Sindh Water Management Ordinance 2002. The irrigation management of canal at province level is to be organized on participatory basis by establishment of Area Water Boards (AWBs) on Canals.

After institutional reforms in irrigation systems three institutions SIDA, AWBs and FOs have been formed through Sindh Water Management Ordinance 2002 which manage irrigation system from canals to WCA level. The responsibilities and functions of these institutions are as under:-

Task and responsibilities of SIDA

- Supply water from the Barrage to the Canals. These canals will be operated by Area Water Boards.
- Levy water charges from the Area Water Boards and other water users.
- Construct, operate and maintain irrigation, drainage and flood protection infrastructures.
- Manage the transition process, to promote the formation, growth and development of the AWBs and FOs into self-supporting and financially self-sustaining entities.

Functions of Area Water Board

- To operate and maintain the parts of the irrigation system conferred on it including but not limited to main canals and branch canals.
- To carry out flood protection and maintain infrastructure within its command area.
- To promote the formation, development and growth of the FOs in its command area into self-supporting and financially self-sustainable entities.
- To monitor equity in water distribution and measures for preventing water theft.
- To monitor and review O&M plan of FO Channels.
- To review, supervise and assist the assessment and collection of Abiana by FOs.
- To prepare and implement of rotational program of channels with consultation of FOs.
- To assess and support FOs in technical matters related to O&M of the channels.
- To ensure better response to emergencies.

Functions of Farmers Organizations

- To operate & maintain the parts of distributary / minor
- To ensure equitable and judicious distribution of water including small and tail end farmers
- To assess and collect the Abiana.
- To maintain the books of accounts
- To ensure dispute resolution

Organizational Management

By: Ghous Laghari Institutional Specialist SIDA

Mr. Ghous Laghari Social Mobilization Officer SMG-SIDA has delivered the lecture on Organizational Management. He explained the aim and objectives of an organization, the growth

of an organization in different levels. Mr. Ghous explained in detail that the organizations are formed to achieve a major goal and for achieving that goal the strategy is planned. He explained that how the organizations plan their strategies and started activities to achieve their goal. He said that monitoring and evaluation is must to access and analyze the progress of organization. He briefly introduced the process of monitoring and evaluation. He said that the main responsibilities of an FO are equitable distribution of water from head to tail, Abiana assessment and collection and channel operation & maintenance. It is prime responsibility of FO to get their channel's due share of water from canal and assure the availability of due share of water to each outlet from head to tail. He highlighted the Role and Responsibilities of an FO and emphasized to the members to perform their role with responsibility.

Responsibilities of Farmers Organization:

1. Operation & Maintenance of the Channel
2. Water acquirement, equitable distribution & ensured supply from head to tail
3. Better management to control the salinity & water logging
4. Collection of Abiana & other payable charges and payments to the concern Area Water Board (AWB) as per agreement.
5. Resolution of conflicts of concern farmers
6. Procurement of necessary staff
7. Record keeping of all activities
8. Better planning for development of the organization
9. Monitoring & evaluation of all activities
10. Coordination & collaboration with stakeholders

He urged the members to develop the linkages with line departments, and different organizations because the strong communication and linkages with other organizations is essential for a reputable organization. He said that the basic things, like FO office, updated organizational, financial and technical record and required staff are very necessary for FO. He explained in detail that what kind record of organizational, financial and technical must be available and updated at the office of FO.

Basic Record for Farmer Organizations

Organizational Record	Financial Record	Technical Record
Register of all Khatedars	Receipts Book	Field Book
Membership Register	Voucher File	Field Khasro
Membership Forms	Cash Book	Jamabandi Book
Minutes Book	Ledger	Billing Book
Outward Register	Cheque Book	Karia Register (Record of Right)
Inward Register	Abiana Register	Deh Map
Stock Register	Bank Statements	Command Plan (Map) of all Watercourses
Visitor Book	Audit File	Command Plan (Map) of Channel
Staff Register	Business plan file	D-Statement
Regulations of FO & Copy of		C-Statement

SWMO-2002		
Assets Register		L-Statement
Share Lists		Cross Section
List of Commercial Water Users		Inventory List
Letter head of FO		List of Trees and plants
Notification / Registration Certificate of FO		
Copies of WCA registration certificates		
File of general correspondence		

Channel Operation & Maintenance

By: Mansoor Umer Khanzada AXEN & Mr Atif Kandhar AXEN SIDA

Mr. Mansoor Umer Khanzada & Mr Atif Kandhar Assistant Engineers of SIDA delivered lectures to the participants on channel operation & maintenance. They explained in detail through diagrams interactive discussion. They said that as per institutional reform in irrigation system the Channels up to Distributary / Minor level are transferred to the Farmers Organizations (FOs) through Irrigation & Drainage Management Transfer Agreement (IDMTA) under Sindh Water Management Ordinance (SWMO) – 2002, therefore it is necessary for representatives of FOs and farmers to know about the main structures, characteristics of good irrigation and activities required for channel operation & maintenance.

First of all they explained the main structures of irrigation system as under.

Main Structures

1. Dam

Water storage through construction of Embankments (bunds) on rivers to store the flood water to regulate the water to river(s)

2. Barrage

Construction of weir structure to store and regulate the flow of water in rivers & main canals

3. Cross Regulator

Construction of weir structure to store and regulate the flow of water in main canals, Branch Canals, Distributaries, Minors, Watercourses

4. Head Regulator Construction in the head of a channel, through which the water flows in to the channel.

5. Module / Outlet

The structure constructed to divert irrigation flow to the fields from main canal, branch canal, distributaries & minors.

6. Fall Structure

Structure constructed in channels having steep gradient to control the water levels to dissipate the energy of falling water.

7. Aqueduct

A structure constructed to provide passage to flowing water a drain channel or water course.

8. Bridge

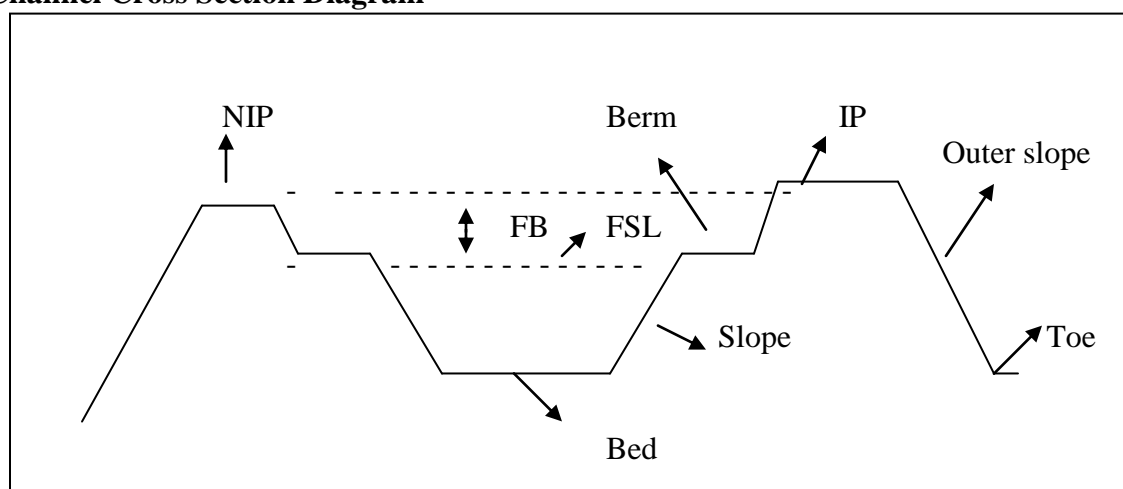
Different type of overheads (bridges) constructed for different uses.

9. Escapes

Regulator type structure on main canals & branch canals constructed for discharging excessive water

After that engineers make clear to the cross section of a channel through following diagram

Channel Cross Section Diagram



This diagram shows different locations of cross section of a channel, which are defined as under:

- NIP: - Non Inspection Path means embankment (Bund) of a channel which is not used for regular monitoring / visit along channel.
- IP: - Inspection Path means embankment (Bund) used for regular monitoring / visits along channel.
- Berm: - the inner area between water way and embankments to cater the excess water in channel.
- FB : - It is the distance between FSL and top level of the embankments and is generally provided to control the excessive water flow in channel.
- FSL: - The flow surface level of water as per design discharge.
- Slope:- A slope of a side of the area of channel reserved for water flow
- Bed: - Base of the area of waterway of channel.
- Toe: - It is the corner between embankment and the natural ground level.

In the last the participants were informed about the channel Repairing and Maintenance.

Channel Repairing & Maintenance

The earlier flow, erosion, weather conditions, movements of peoples, animals, these all effects the design of the channel. The repairing of channels is necessary to maintain / restore the original designs of the all parts of the channels

Kinds of channel repairing

1. **Common repairing:**

Daily or weekly basis works. Clearance of paths, vegetation etc, closing of rains breaches, repairing of berms, gray onus work, oiling or greasing to the gates.

Note: Above works are the basic responsibilities of lower operational staff working on the channels.

2. **Preplanned Repairing:**

During specific timings the detailed checking of structures and equipment's, banks, berms, gates, bed, slopes etc and their repairing as per requirement.

3. **Seasonal Repairing:**

During the fixed specific timings around a year repairing of paths, animal ghots, flood breaches, juck works etc

4. **Yearly Repairing:**

The works, which could not be done in all above repairing timings will be covered in seasonal repairing i.e. Repairing of Outlets, head to tail desilting of the channel, repairing of the regulator etc.

5. **Un planned repairing:**

Due to climatic impacts some repairing works are taken up on emergency basis for example breaches of channel damage of any culvert etc.

Field staff & equipment's for maintenance & repairing

There are Field men (Beldars) to maintain / repair the minor damages. Equipment's necessary for a Beldar for repairing maintenance works are as follow:

- Axe (Kuhari)
- Speeder (Kodar)
- Bucket (Tokree)
- Rope (100 feet)
- Daito
- Rambo
- Bottle
- Lantern (Bati)
- Bamboo (6 to 12 feet)

Question and answer Session

At the end of sessions the participants asked different questions and the resource persons answered them in detail.

Training Evaluation:

By: Ms. Zaib Jatoi & Mansoor Umer Khanzada (AXEN)

After all sessions Ms. Zaib Jatoi & Mansoor Umer Khanzada facilitated the participants to give feedback about the training. The participants said that it was a very good and informative training for newly elected representatives of FO. They said that they become clear about their role and responsibilities. They have learned that how they can make more strengthen to their FOs. Some participants said that they become more aware about the need and importance of institutional reforms in irrigation system. Some participants expressed that they got knowledge from the training that how they can properly maintain their channel using proper way of channel operation and maintenance.

Certificates Distribution:

In the last training certificates were awarded to the participants.

Pictorial View







Attendance Sheet



ATTENDANCE SHEET

Training of FARMERS' ORGANIZATIONS (FOs)

Located in Left Bank Canal Area Water Board

Date: 15-Nov-2018

S#	Name	Designation	Farmers Organization	Contact Number	Signature
1	ASGHAR Raza	Chairman	Pandhi Wal	03332804334	[Signature]
2	Shahzad Ali	F.O. Pandhi Wal	" "	0301809876	
3	M. Saleem Gp.	Member	FO Pandhi Wal	03332805511	[Signature]
4	M. Saleem Gp.	Member	FO Pandhi Wal	03132815566	
5	Ayaz Ali	Treasurer	fo. Balzi	0333280907	[Signature]
6	Chulani Zed		FO Balzi	03332818776	
7	Munir Kazim Talwar	Chairman	FO Balun	03332664055	[Signature]
8	[Signature]	member	"	"	

S#	Name	Designation	Farmers Organization	Contact Number	Signature
8	[Signature]	EXCHANGE	Pandhi Wal	03332664410	[Signature]
9	DANISH KARIM	Secretary	PANDI WAT	03332800924	
10	MAMTAZ SHA	TREASURER	PANDI WAT	03332803957	[Signature]
11	Farhad Jafar	Member	Shakhani	0346-2718282	
12	Sardar Ali	Member	Shakhani	03162052189	[Signature]
13	Shauqee	Member	Shakhani	03463666771	
14	Qadir Raza	Secretary	Shakhani	—	[Signature]
15	Mulazim	Chairman	Shakhani	03453634445	
16	Ali	Member	Pandhi	—	[Signature]
17	Khuda Bux	Member	Bulzi Disty	—	

S#	Name	Designation	Farmers Organization	Contact Number	Signature
18	Din Muhammed	Members	Bulbi District	—	دین محمد
19	Talib	member	Pan Shi	—	تالیب
20	Saleem	member	Pan Shi	—	سالم
21	Tamir	member	Shaitkhan	—	تامر
22	Bashir Ahmad	V. Chair	Shaitkhan	—	باشیر احمد
23	Ayaz Ali	ASSO. Manager	LBC-AWB	0333-2528448	ایاز علی
24	Zaidunqise	A.M. (S.M)	LBC-AWB	03332574356	زیدونگیر
25	Mansoor Khan	AXEN	SIDA	0333-2705071	منصور خان
26	Ghous Laghari	IS	"	03133091158	غوس لگاری
27	Atif Kandhar	AXEN	"	03313607160	اتیف

S#	Name	Designation	Farmers Organization	Contact Number	Signature
28	Ghulam Qader	pankhi work.	—	—	غلام قادر
30	Ali Hyder	member	pankhi work.	—	علی ہیدر
31	Taj Mola	AXEN	SIDA	03120339255	تاج مولا
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